

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Mesoscale computer modeling of asphaltene aggregation in liquid paraffin

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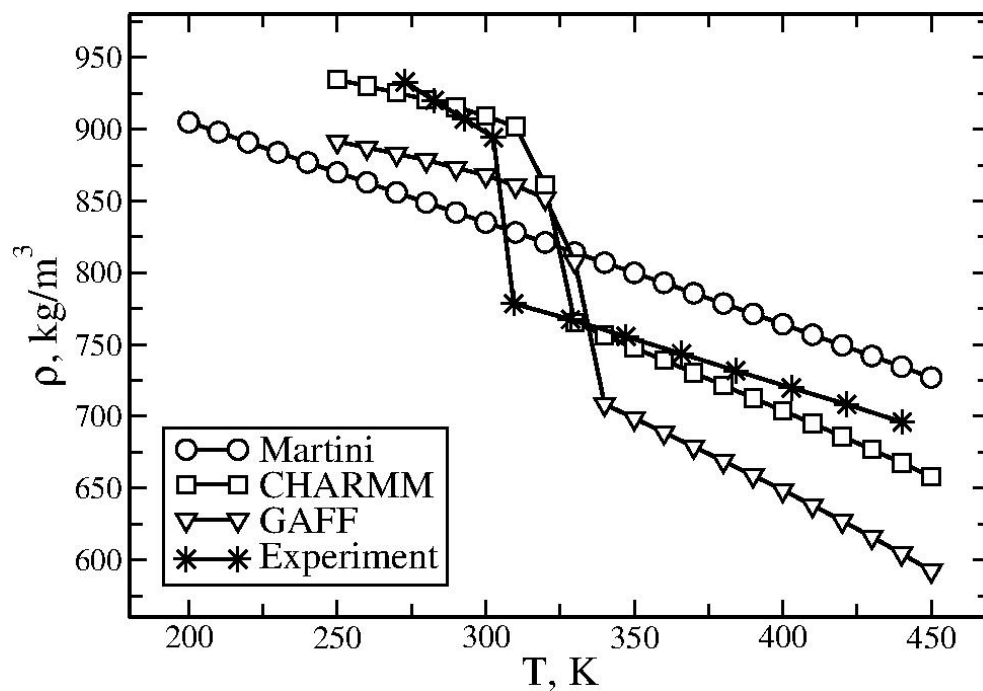


FIG. S1. Mass density of n-eicosane as a function of temperature. Shown are results for the Martini simulations, for the CHARMM36 and GAFF all-atom simulations,¹ as well as the experimental data.²

TABLE SI. Refined Lennard-Jones parameters used for coarse-grained simulations of paraffin-asphaltene systems. The original Martini parameters³ are presented in brackets (where applicable).

	σ [nm]	ϵ [kJ/mol]
C1-C1	0.47	3.5
SC5-SC5	0.35 (0.43)	1.6 (2.625)
SC5-C1	0.43 (0.47)	2.25 (3.1)

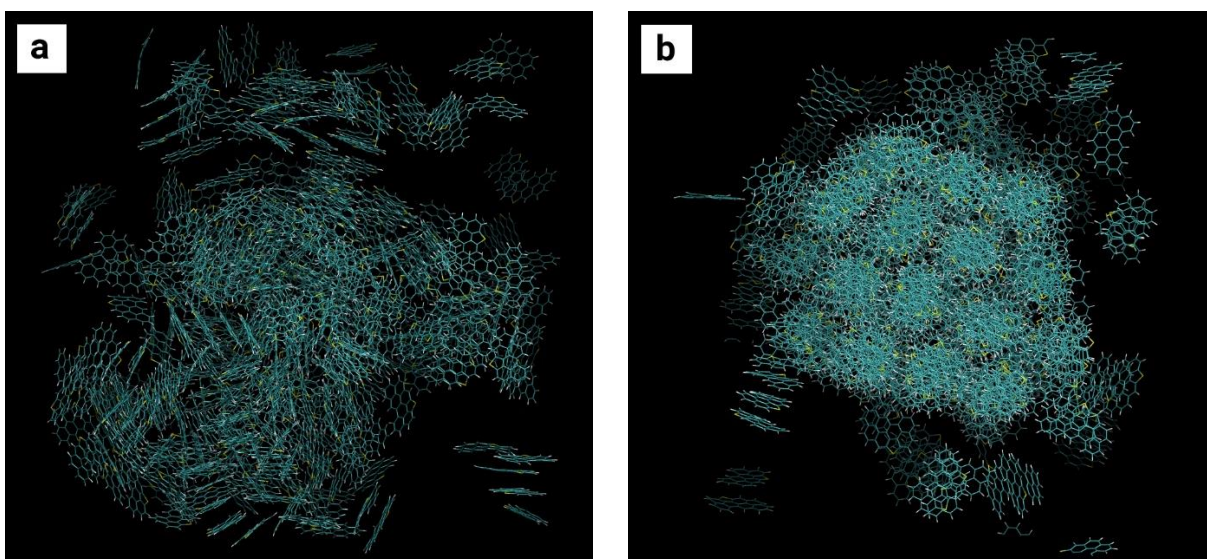


FIG. S2. (a) A snapshot of the PAR-ASPM-44 system in atomistic simulations (the GAFF force field).⁴ (b) A snapshot of the same system after GAFF charges were replaced with CHARMM36 charges. Modified asphaltenes are shown in cyan; paraffin chains are not shown for clarity.

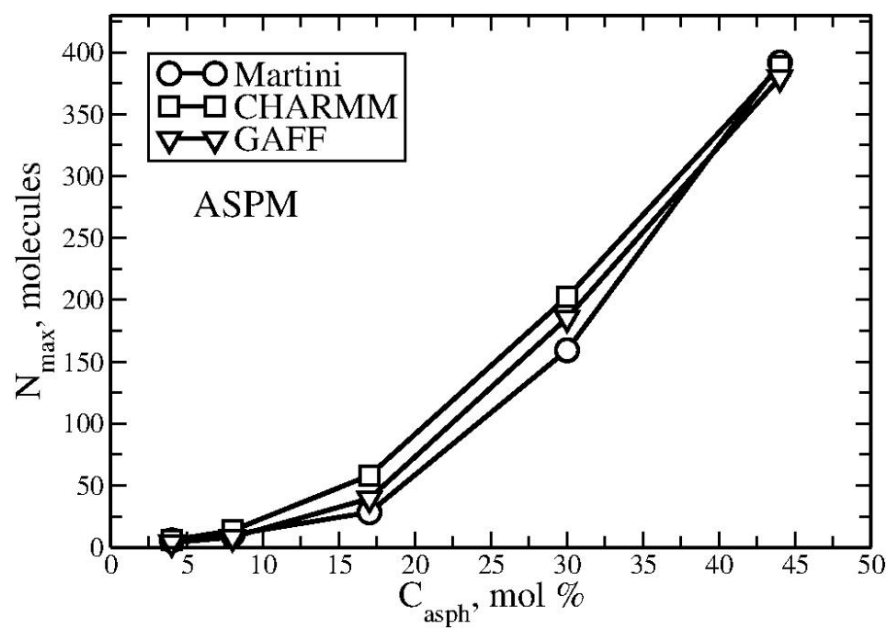


FIG. S3. The average number N_{max} of asphaltene molecules in the largest aggregate as a function of the concentration of modified asphaltenes (ASPM) in the system. Shown are results for the coarse-grained Martini force field as well as the atomistic CHARMM36 and GAFF force fields.

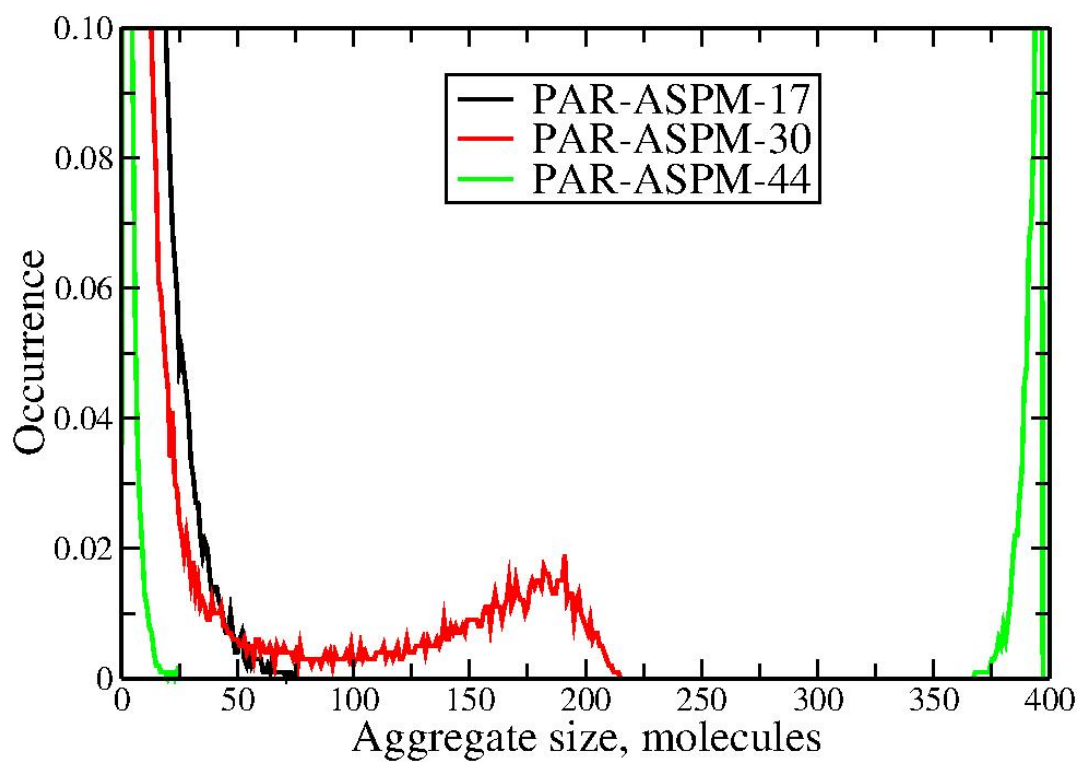


FIG. S4. The distribution of modified asphaltenes over aggregate sizes. Shown are results for the PAR-ASPM-17, PAR-ASPM-30, and PAR-ASPM-44 systems.

References

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